

POB5 - Process Automation and Industry 4.0

Part V

Socio-cultural and methodological challenges of Industry 4.0

 Design and construction (mechanical engineering and equipment construction, architectural design, industrial design)

2







POB5 - Process Automation and Industry 4.0

Part V

A. Socio-cultural and methodological challenges of Industry 4.0

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Person representing the research team			Department	presentation
Prof.	Beata	Pituła	Institute of Education and	
			Communication Research	
	Denomination	Cabal	Institute of Education and	
Prof.	Przemysław	Gępai	Communication Research	5 min
Prof.	Aleksander	Gwiazda	Faculty of Mechanical Engineering	
Prof.	Damian	Gąsiorek	Faculty of Mechanical Engineering	3 min
		Dahmannalaka	International Center for	
Prof.	iviaigorzata	Dobrowolska	Interdisciplinary Research	5 min
	Alakaandua	Vion	Faculty of Organisation and	
Prof.	Aleksandra	KUZIOF	Management	2 min













SOCIO-CULTURAL AND METHODOLOGICAL CHALLENGES OF INDUSTRY 4.0

Beata Pituła, Przemysław Gębal

Institute of Education and Communication Research

Industry 4.0 - Society 5.0 - challenges

Industry 4.0 (society 5.0, post-digital society) mark a qualitatively significant change, which can be described as a "grand innovation", which involves specific challenges for science and technology, namely:

- a) the need to adopt a specific methodology (trans-disciplinary one the top-down approach) as a tool to study complex sociotechnical problems;
- b) changes in the way of science and technology operatations conducting research, dissemination of innovation, etc.

In consequence, the lack of an adequate response to these challenges on the part of science and technology leads to a kind of their "ideologisation" (similar to the situation regarding "sustainable development").







Industry 4.0 - Society 5.0 - answers

The adequate answers to these challenges concerning both social sciences (humanities) and technical sciences as their subject and object, concern:

- 1. implementation and development of research and education in the field of STS (Science, Technology and Society) international and interdisciplinary programmes with technical and humanistic content (the Silesian University of Technology may be currently the only technical university in Poland in this area);
- 2. implementation in different types of sciences of the research procedures of creation and dissemination methods of their results, in accordance with the idea of RRI (Responsible Research and Innovations) or Reallabor.

Both these lines of action require close interaction between technical and social sciences.







Industry 4.0 - Society 5.0 - partners



Foreign partners:

- Austrian Academy of Sciences, Institute for Technology Impact Assessment - Vienna
- 2. TU-Graz, STS Institute of Interactive Systems and Data Science
- 3. Industry 4.0 Cluster Berlin
- 4. Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)
- 5. TAB TAB-Technikfolgenabschätzung Büro Berlin
- 6. Czech Academy of Sciences, STS Research Department







Industry 4.0 - Society 5.0 - Implications and Relations

- 1. Communication processes in a network of machines, equipment and people
- 2. Technological revolution and individual development (exclusion or inclusion?)
- 3. Industry 4.0 and Society 5.0 and the development of (specialist) language education
- 4. The humanistic professional habitus of teachers in the context of technological progress
- 5. Euthyphro-eudaimonistic model of language teachers education in the context of the Industry 4.0 and Society 5.0 concepts (Gębal 2019, cf. Pituła 2010)

Transdisciplinary methodological approaches, educational and glottodidactic comparativism, intercultural research, Critical Discourse Analysis.







Industry 4.0 - Society 5.0 - Implications and Relations



Team representatives:

Dr Łukasz Kumięga, Dr Sławomira Kołsut, Dr Monika Nawracka, Dr Anna Waligóra, Dr Ewa Figas, Dr Eliza Borczyk, Elżbieta Kempny, MA Zofia Chłopek, Prof. of SUT Przemysław Gębal, Prof. of SUT

Foreign partners:

Austria, China, Croatia, Finland, Spain, Korea, Germany, USA, Italy.











Introduction and characteristics of the Team

The challenges of Industry 4.0

- the social challenges of Industry 4.0 (job losses, hyper-specialisation)
- cultural challenges of Industry 4.0 (product personalisation, new design)
- new design methodology (design to value instead of design to manufacturing)

Personal core of the project team

- Aleksander GWIAZDA, Prof. of SUT,
 Silesian University of Technology
- Mariusz HETMAŃCZYK, Prof. of SUT,
 Industry of Future Platform
- Dr. Eng. Małgorzata OLENDER
 Silesian Centre of Industry 4.0 Competences

Characteristics of the work of team members

- management and culture of organisation
- augmented reality
- ergonomics and humanisation of work
- systems integration











Characteristics of the project under preparation

Recent work and projects

- Design of renewable systems
- Augmented reality
- Simulation of the technical systems operations
- Development of students' competences

Project concept within the sub-area

- a robotic nest for incremental manufacturing of composite parts
- cooperation with a human operator, also using augmented reality
- manufacturing of components being embedded systems (machine components, buildtronic)
- flexible system structure

Potential cooperating entities

- EMT Systems Sp. z o.o
- Axoma Sp. z o.o
- Vix Automarion Sp. z o.o.
- current partners of Department and Faculty









Summary



The implementation of the conceptual nest will allow to develop the mechanisms that characterise both the Industry 4.0 concept, as well as the Industry 5.0 concept, including:

- additive manufacturing of composite parts in a flexible robotic production nest
- development of the principles of human-robot cooperation in the manufacturing process (assembling of warp elements)
- working out the concept and testing the impact of augmented reality on improvement of productivity of the sociotechnical system and overcoming the need for hyperspecialisation
- working out the concept of a new project based approach within new elements
- determination of the development directions for the investigated technology









Postgraduate studies of Master of Business Administration – Industry 4.0 profile

Social and Technical Sciences Conference: Scope of Co-operation for the Technical and Social Development



Sections:

Section 1: International Interdisciplinary Team for Research and Publications

Section 2: International Interdisciplinary Team for Implementation Projects

Section 3: International Interdisciplinary Team for Inventions and Know-How

Section 4: International Interdisciplinary Team for Experts and Knowledge Databases Networks

Section 5: International Interdisciplinary Team for Priority Research Areas

Section 6: Talent Hub

Section 7: Engineering Business Lab

Section 8: Engineering Business Club

Section 9: International Forum for Support of High Carbon Sectors Transformation within the EU

Laboratories:

Laboratory for Research and Analysis of Work Conditions of Industrial Occupations

a: Sub-Lab for Preindustrial Period Work Conditions Reseaarch and Analysis

b: Sub-Lab for Future Work Conditions Research and Analysis

Students' Scientific Circles:

- 1. Interdisciplinary Student Research Club of Patent Inventors
- 2. Interdisciplinary Student Research Club of Human Factor in Industry
- 3. Interdisciplinary Student Research Club of Heros of Social Inclusion
- 4. Interdisciplinary Student Research Club of Managerial Competences of Future
- 5. Interdisciplinary Student Research Club "Psyche"

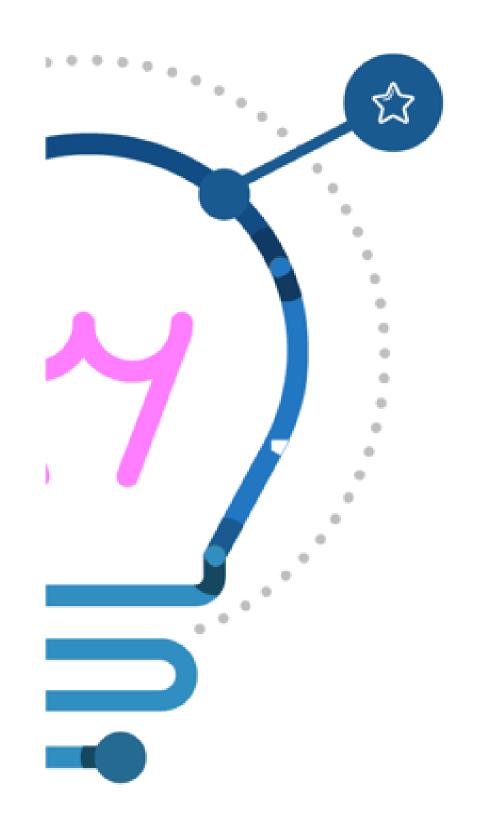








POB 5: Characteristics of works carried out and the Team



International Interdisciplinary Team for the Priority Research Area: Human Factor in Industry 4.0.

Section A - analysis and development of competences of the future

Section B - monitoring of Industry 4.0 professions and changes of the labour market in the context of Industry 4.0

Section C - professional problems and changes in organisations' management in the context of the 4th industrial revolution

Section D - functioning of the individual in organisations undergoing digital transformation









Current research:

Conducting research in 26 countries on future competences and diagnostic tools for leaders, employees and HR professionals

Published book volumes:

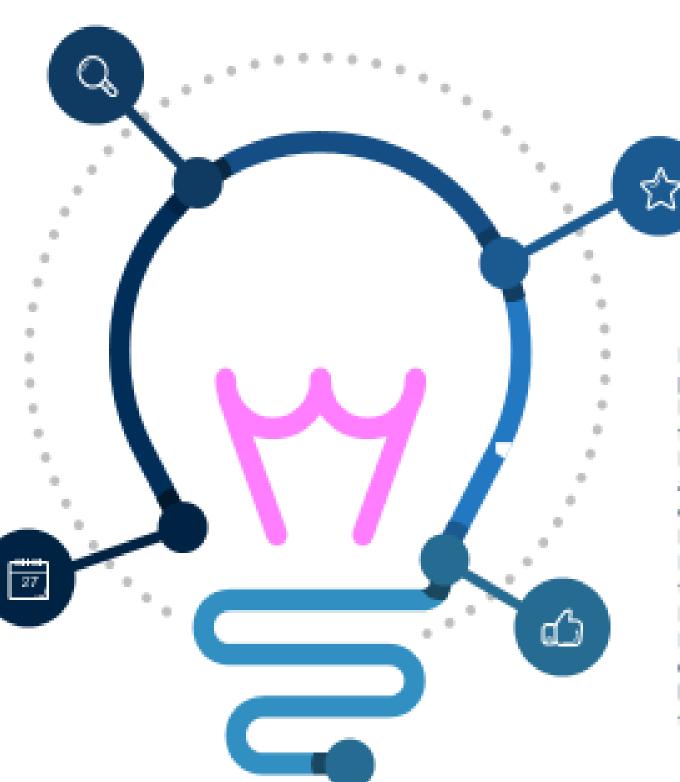
Volumes 1-3: Research and Analysis of Working Conditions of Industrial Occupations Part 1: The past, Part 2: The present, Part 3: The future

Top-scored publications:

- Kowal, M., Sorokowski, P., Sorokowska, A., Dobrowolska, M., Pisanski, K., Oleszkiewicz, A., ... & Anjum, A. (2020). Reasons for Facebook usage: Data from 46 countries. Frontiers in Psychology, 11.
- Sorokowski, P., Groyecka, A., Kowal, M., Sorokowska, A., Białek, M., Lebuda, I., Dobrowolska, M., Zdybek, P. & Karwowski, M. (2020). Can Information about Pandemics Increase Negative Attitudes toward Foreign Groups? A Case of COVID-19 Outbreak. Sustainability, 12(12), 4912.
- Pollak, A., Dobrowolska, M., Timofiejczuk, A., & Paliga, M. (2020). The Effects of the Big Five Personality Traits on Stress among Robot Programming Students. Sustainability, 12(12), 5196.
- Dobrowolska, M., Ślazyk-Sobol, M., Flakus, M., & Deja, A. (2020). Climate and Ties in Workplace versus Sense of Danger and Stress, Based on Empirical Research in the Aviation Industry. Sustainability, 12(13), 5302.
- Tutak, M., Brodny, J., & Dobrowolska, M. (2020).
 Assessment of Work Conditions in a Production Enterprise—A Case Study. Sustainability, 12(13), 5390.
- Dobrowolska, M., & Knop, L. (2020). Fit to Work in the Business Models of the Industry 4.0 Age. Sustainability, 12(12), 4854.

Conferences cycle:

Conference on Social and Technical Sciences – scope of cooperation for technological and social progress



Licences and research works (NB) related to Industry 4.0:

- Scale of the work safety and health climate
- Diagnostic tool for workers performing difficult and dangerous work in industry
- Psychological test to diagnose industrial rescuers.
 Implementation at the customer's premises
- Employee appraisal systems

Projects:

Dialog 0331/DLG/2018/10 and Dialog 0012/DLG/2019/10 financed by the Ministry of Science and Higher Education

National and European patent applications:

- P. 428370 "Tool for carrying out psychological tests as part of professional suitability and qualification for work"
- P. 428372 "Apparatus for measuring human psychophysical fitness"
- P. 428373 "Apparatus to assess the coordination of divisibility and attention-grabbing in simulated difficult physical working conditionsj"
- P. 428519 "Peripheral device to support psychological research"
- P. 428520 "Device monitoring behaviour of a person subject to the diagnosis"
- P. 428022 "Workstation safety conditions upgrade device
- P. 428020 "Device for carrying out psychological tests and quantitative examinations"
- Device for creating spatial visualization of images and charts for the education of visually impaired persons.

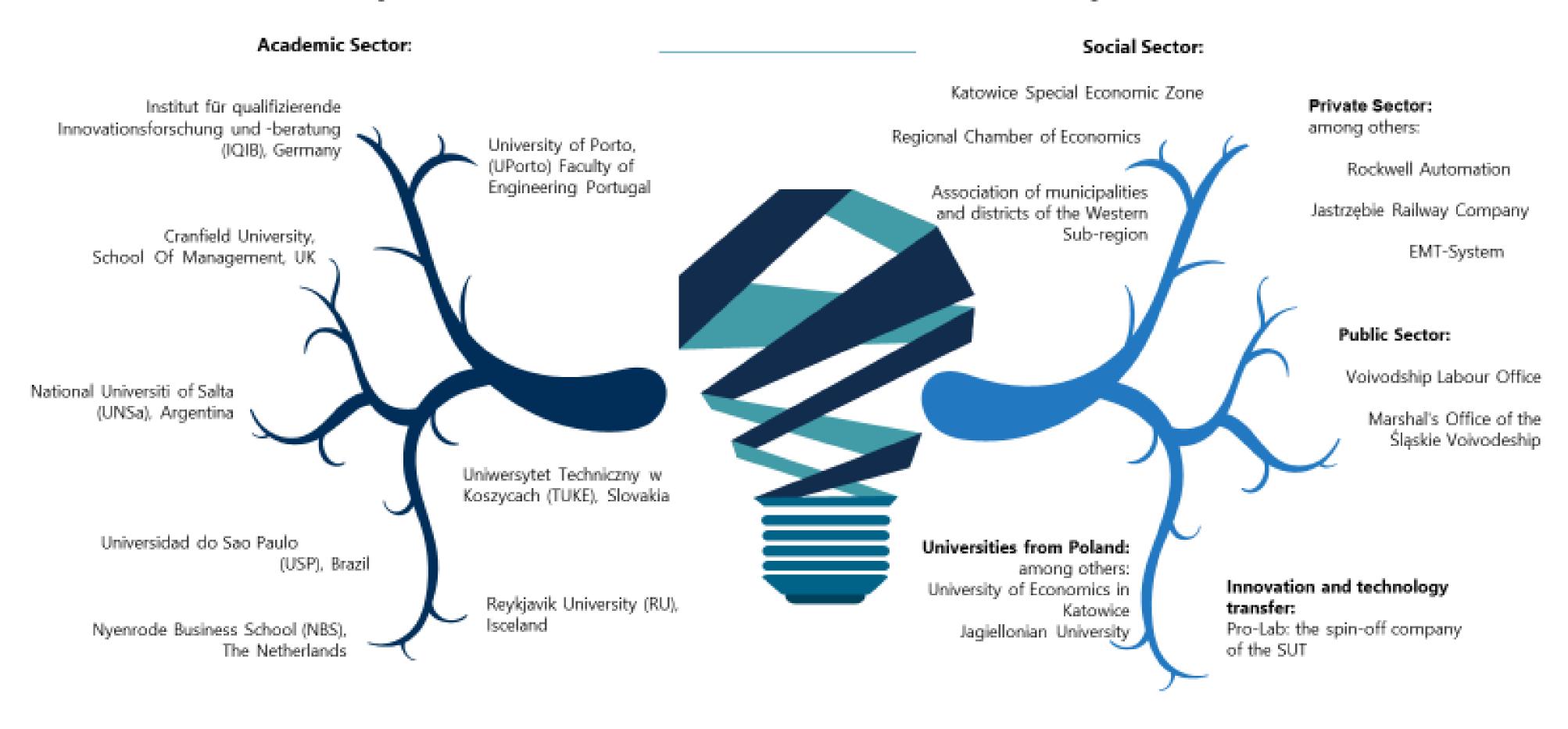








Cooperation with external partners











Research of the Department of Applied Social Sciences of the Faculty of Organisation and Management

Dr. Waldemar Czajkowski, D.Sc. Prof. of SUT; Prof. Dr. Pavel Fobel, D.Sc.; Prof. Dr. Daniela Fobelova, D.Sc.; Dr. Bartłomiej Knosala; Dr. Aleksandra Kuzior, D.Sc. Prof. of SUT, Dr. Grażyna Osika, D.Sc. Prof. of SUT;

Dr. Barbara Przybylska-Czajkowska

- > Ways of addressing moral issues in the emerging Industry 4.0 paradigm and its cultural and axiological aspects.
- ➤ Analysis of the Industry 4.0 development in the perspective of global technology development model.
- ➤ Predicting the cultural consequences of introducing Industry 4.0 basing on Marshall McLuhan's tetrad concept.
- ➤ Social implications of the Industry 4.0 implementation resistance to change and the problem of technological unemployment.
- > Humanistic and psychological aspects of human-machine interaction.
- > Automation of HR processes, analysis of potential risks.
- > Social innovation to support the implementation of Industry 4.0.
- > The development of Industry 4.0 as a subject of public debate in democratic society.







Problem of technological unemployment

- > Are we in danger of technological unemployment?
- > Which professions are at risk due to computerisation and automation of work processes?
- > What will be the professions of the future?
- ➤ Technological unemployment results from the technical progress and development of modern, innovative technologies, which when implemented in various branches of industry and services usually cause a lower demand for human labour. Activities previously performed by humans are now performed by highly efficient machines. Automation and robotisation of industry and services result in lower demand for workforce.





